ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL.



HISTORY

DESCRIPTION

Of the famous

CATHEDRAL

OF

St. Paul's, London.

Printed for The Boreman, Bookseller, near the two giants in Guildhall, London. 1741. [Price 4 d.



To

Master Tommy Boreman,

Near the Two Giants in Guildball, LONDON.

Send this greeting,
Master Tommy,
Tho', I believe, you
may not know me;
To shew how greatly
I am smitten
With what so lately
you have written.

Whether your age, your parts and flature Agree with mine, it is no matter; Or whether, like old Dad of Jason. Yo've drank Medea's magick bason; And after fixty years compleated. Begin to find your youth repeated; As once, I now

remember well,

SEW

I've

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I've heard papa from Ovid tell. Howe'er it be, the Books you write Give me much pastime and delight. My filter Betfy, (fet her down, And one of your Subscribers own) Has some degree of wit and spirit, And loves, the fays, t'encourage merit Bobby

[vin]

Bobby and Jemmy, tho' as yet They have not learn'd to read a bit, Take much delight to hear your wit; Add them to your Subscribers number, If 't won't too much your page incumber. For my part, I ne'er yet did fee What you describe

fo prettily;

And

[ix]

And long to have it in my power To fee the Giants and the Tower. I' th' mean time what you publish more Mark me fix books. I'll pay the score: And whate'er profit I can make ye Believe me heartily Yours, JACKY. HEATHERLY.

Feb. 28.

1741.

SUBSCRIBERS

To the

HISTORY of St. PAUL'S.

A.

Master Johnny Atkinson.
Master James Atkinson.
Master Jemmy Pettit An-

dresus, of Bloomsbury-Square.

Master Sammy Athawes.

[xi]

Master Tommy Allen.
Miss Fanny Allen.
Miss Polly Athawes.
Miss Nanny Abdy, GoldenSquare.

B.
Master Dicky Boys, of
Colchester, 7 Books.
Master Yacky Bosworth.
Master Masty Blackett.
Master William Boreman,
of Margate, Kent.
Master Neddy Boreman.
Master Sammy Beachcroft,
Miss Betsy Beachcroft, and

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Miss Polly Beachcroft, all of Leadenhall-street. Master Facky Bakesvell. Master Facky Boulton, Mafter Harry Boulton, Miss Polly Boulton, and Miss Party Boulton, all of Cheapfide. Mafter Peter Blunt. Mifs Polly Blunt. Mis Debby Blunt. Mils Nancy Blunt. Miss Diale Bragn. Miss Melly Bezor. Miss Leng Brereton, 7 Sets.

[xiii]

Miss Penelope Brindley, of NewBond-street, 7 Sets.

Miss Nanny Burroughs, of Clerkenwell.

Miss Biayney, of Worcester. Miss Grace Batts, of El-

bow-lane.

Miss Polly Baker.

Miss Lydia-Mercy Bland.

Mis Jenny Byrche.

Mis Byrebe.

Mis Nanny Brayne, of Strutton Ground.

Miss Diana Brayne, of Tothill-street.

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Mis Molly Bolwerk, of Billiter-lane.

C

Master Charly Churchilt.
Master Jacky Churchilt.
Master James Chater.
Master John Chater.
Master Danny Crespin,
Miss Molly Crespin, and
Aby Crespin, all of St. Albans.

Mafter Dicky Caldwell, 50 Sets.

Master Charly Cabrier.

Master Tommy Care.

[xv]

Master Facky Cam. Mafter Facky Cutbbert. Master Billy Cutbbert. Master Charly Chambers. Master Facky Chambers. Master Christop. Chambers. Master Tommy Chapman, of the Poultry. Mafter John Collingwood. Mils Molly Corrie. Mis Mary Eliz. Coleus. Mils Nancy Coatfevertb. Miss Molly Churchill: Mis Betjy Child. Mis Hannab Chater.

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Miss Sarab Chater.
Miss Rebecca Cabrier.
Miss Phill Cuthbert.
Miss Peggy Chambers, of
Madeira.
Miss Sophia Chambers.
Miss Fanny Chambers.

Master Jacky Duncombe.
Miss Clara Duncombe.
Miss Patty Duncombe.
Miss Amelia Devisine.
Miss Nabby Davenport, of
Boston, New-England.
Miss Betsy Durance.

[xvii]

E.

Miss Ellis, of Lau-

F.

Master Jackman Foote. Master Paul Ferris. Master Tommy Fetter.

Matter Natty Ford.

Master George Fryar, of

Kenfington. Miss Patty Ford.

Miss Suky Le Febure.

Mis Sally Le Febure.

Miss Molly Farrer.

Mifs

[xviii]

Miss Freeman, of Daventry.

Master Franky Gregg.

Mafter Tommy Gregg.
Mafter Tommy Mc Guire.

Master Fide Gibson.

Mafter Riebard Gough.

Master George Good.

Master Lewis Peak Garland. Master Tommy Gape, of St.

Albans.

Master Harry Goddard. Master Dicky Goddard. Master Jacky Gyles.

[xix]

Miss Nanny Louisa Goring. Mils Frances Goring. Miss Sally Gyles. Mils Betfy Gyles. Mils Kitty George. Mils Peggy George. Miss Nancy George. Miss Betly Gregg. Miss Nancy Gregg. Mifs Amelia Gregg. Miss Molly Gibson. Miss Sarab Garland. Miss Polly Gibson, of Birmingham.

t.

B 2

Mafter

[xx] H.

Master Harry Heathcote.
Master Gilly Heathcote.
Master Alex. Hume.
Master Hugh Holbeck.
Master Matthew Harrison,
Master Benjamin Harrison,
Master Thomas Harrison, &
Master Thomas Harrison, all
of Fanchurch-street.

Master Dicky Hutchinson, Miss Polly Hutchinson, both of Norwich.

Master Jemmy Hall, Master Humpbry Hall,

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Master Ammy Hall, Miss Molly Hall. Miss Mille Hall, and Miss Betly Hall, all of Great Ormond-fireet. Master Neddy Hasted. Master Facky Heatherly. Author of Poem, 6Sets Mafter Bobby Heatherly. Master Temmy Heatherly. Miss Betly Heatherly Master Tommy Hayzoard, of Friday freet. Master Bobby Halbed.

B 3 Mafter

[iixx]

Mafter Tommy Hooker. Master Bobby Hall. Master Sammy Howard. Master Mautty Hammond, of New-Inn. Master Facky Hales. Master Facky Hedges. Mils Fenny Heathcote.

Mils Henny Hitchcock, of Oporto.

Mils Nanny Hafted.

Miss Harp.

Miss Nanny Hiccock, and Miss Lydia Hiccock, of

Daventry,

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Miss Nancy Hunt.
Miss Becky Hunt.
Miss SukyHarren, Georgestreet, York-Buildings.

Master Billy Jacobson.
Master Neddy Jones.
Master Matty Jefferys, of
Kidderminster.

Miss Nancy Jolly, of West-

Miss Alice Jones.
Miss Polly Jacobson.

B 4 Master

[xxiv]

Master Jacky Knapp, of Basinghall-street. Miss Jenny Kemeys.

Miss Nanny Kemeys.

Miss Polly Kemeys. Miss Suky Audry Kemeys.

Miss Betsy Kemp.

Miss Molly Killer.

T..

Master Henry Sebastian

Matter Jacky Leadbeter, at Butcher's Hall.

Motor Yoka I and

Master John Larchevesque.

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Master Charly Langley,
Master Stephen Leake,
Master Jacky Leake,
Master Franky Lodge,
Master Tommy Liell,
Miss Nancy Liell,
Miss Besty Liell, and
Miss Polly Liell, all of
Stepney.

Master Sammy Mathu, of Boston, New England. Master Jacky Mann. Master Jacky Moore. Master Tommy Morton.

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Mafter Daniel Moffett. Mafter Billy Markes, of Cheapfide, a Sets. Miss Betty Magnard. Miss Nanny Mortimer. Miss Betly Moffett. Mils Betly Muscell, of Bethnal-Green, 7 Sets. Miss Patty Morton. Miss Betfy Macrabie.

Master Jemmy Norman, Mis Molly Norman, and Mis Nanny Norman, all of Winchester-street,

[xxvii]

Master Jacky Nourse.
Master Billy Newman.
Master Edmund Newland.
Master Dicky Newton, of
Aldermanbury.
Miss Debby Newton.

Master Billy Oldbam.
Master Billy Oliver.
Miss Patty Oliver.
Miss Polly Oliver, of Boston, New-England.
Miss Sally Oneal, of Good,
man's-fields.

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Master Mark Pye.

Mafter James Pratt, Wells.

Row, Islington. Master John Pond,

Miss Deborah Pond,

Miss Frances Pond,

Miss Paulina Pond, and Miss Mary Pond, all of

Fenchurch-street. Miss Suky Philpot.

Mis Charlot Phillips.
Mis Amelia Phillips.

Mils Betjy Payne.

Miss Nancy Paulbar.

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Miss Lizzy Pye. Miss Hetty Putland. Miss Suky Phillips.

Master Tommy Robens.
Master Richardson.

Master Laurence Richardfon, of Chichester.

Master Tommy Richardson, of Whetstone.

Master Billy Rawlinds. Master Natty Rogen, of

Boston, New-England.

Master WattyRawlinson, of Fenchurch-street, 6Sets

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Master Dicky Rawlingfon, for himself, and Miss BertySbute of More-fields, 2S Master George William Ridgway. 7 Sets. Mafter Hedworth Reed. Mifs Betty Richardson. Miss Nanny Richardson. Miss Molly Richardion. Miss Coroline Robinson, of Norton, Kent. Miss Pally Robinson. Miss Patty Royers, 4 Sets. Miss Sarab Reyner, of St. Paul's College.

M

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Miss Molly Ratcliff, of Bow-lane.

S

Mafter Benj. Shield. Master Sammy Stouten. Master Billy Stanley. Master Harry Stanley. Mafter Franky Stanley. Master Ward Smith. Mafter Tommy Stracy. Master Tommy Singleton. Mafter Foe Sharp. Master Temmy Smith, Master Pennington Smith, Miss Jenny Smith, and

F xxxii]

Miss Polly Smith, all of Daventry.

Miss Sally Sellar, of Oxford.

Miss Polly Stracy, of Elbow-lane.

Miss Molly Stanley. Mils Patty Stanley.

Mils Sarab Saville.

Miss Nanny Saville. Miss Martha Saville.

Mils Peggy Savage.

Mils Frances Stracy.

Miss Elizabeth Maria Se-

nex, 6 Sets.

[xxxiii]

Miss Gracey Shakilton. Miss Anna Catharina Spot/wood.

Miss Betsy Sedgwick.
Miss Amelia Skutz, of
New Bond-street.
Miss Polly Sheafe.

Mis Hannah Sheafe.

Master Billy Tomlinson.
Master Paul Terris.
Master Tim. Tullie.
Master Neddy Toywell, of
Reading, Berks.

[xxxiv]

Master Jacky Tiffui.
Miss Molly Tiffui.
Miss Molly Tombes.
Miss Suky Thorisby, and
Miss Betty Thorisby, both
of St. Mary Ax.

Master Bobby Walpole.
Master Tommy Whonwood.
Master Jacky Whiting.
Master Joe Woodgate.
Master Harry Webster.
Miss Lucretia Wells, of
Pimlico.

Mafter

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Master Simmey Warner,
Miss Peggy Warner, both
of Rotherhith.
Master Tommy Wallis.
Miss Peggy Wallis.
Miss Nancy Woodgate.
Miss Nanny Wigget, of
Norwich.

Miss Wellman, of Poundisford, 4 Sets. Miss Suky Wheeler.

Y.

Master Philip York.
Miss Betsy York.

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SUBSCRIBERS Names omitted.

Master Jacky Cooke.
Master Jemmy Gibson, 7
Sets.

Master Nat. Stackbouse, of Bengal, East-Ind. 7 Sets. Master Bayne Ramsay, 6 Sets Master Allick Hume, and Master Rabby Hume, both

Mafter Bobby Hume, both of South-Carolina.

Master Allick Hume, of Mile-End.

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Miss Molly Hume, of Sackville street. Miss Eliz. Guertz, 4 Sets.

Miss Betty Newbam. Miss Sally Welldon.



OLD ST. PAUL's.





HISTORY
St. PAUL'S.

BOOK I. CHAP. I. Of old St. Paul's.

I T will be proper first to inform my young C 4 Readers,

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Readers, that upon the fame fpot of ground on which St. Paul's now stands, there was formerly a fine old church, built by Ethelbert king of Kent in the year of our Lord fix hundred and ten, and dedicated to the fame Apoftle. This church fuffered many times by lightning, fire, and other accidents; which was as often repaired: and fuch parts of it

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as fell to decay thro' age, were rebuilt; till at last it was destroy'd in the great fire of London in 1666, and one thousand and fifty-fix years from its first building.

CHAP. II.

Of the foundation, building, and fituation of the present Church.

THE old church of St. Paul's having been deftroy'd,

flroy'd, as mention'd in the first chapter, and the ruins and rubbish of it cleared in about eight or nine years after; the first foundation stone of this present church was laid by Mr. Strong, a mason, and the fecond by Mr. Longland, on the twenty first of June, 1675. at the northeaft corner, facing Cheapfide: From which time it was not completely finish'd

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nish'd till the year 1724. being about forty-nine years in building. It was begun and finish'd by the same architect, Sir Chriftopher Wren, and by the fame mason, Mr. Strong abovementioned: The charge of which is faid to amount to one million of money, or upwards. The whole building is encompassed with strong iron palisades, all curiously turn'd, about

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about five and twenty hundred in number; which cost fifteen thousand

pounds.

This magnificent structure, which stands upon the highest ground in the city, near to the west gate, called Ludgate, is the first Cathedral in England built according to the rules of architecture. Its walls are of fine Portland stone, rustic work. Two ranges fic th an

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of pilasters adorn the outfide, one above the other : the lower confifts of about an hundred and twenty, with their entablatures of the Corinthian order, and the upper of as many of the Composite, or Roman order : befides twenty columns at the west and four at the east end, and those of the portico's, &c.

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The spaces between the arches of the windows and

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the architrave of the lower order, are filled with great variety of curious enrichments, fuch as cherubims, festoons of flowers, &c. and at the east end is the cipher of W. R. within a garter, on which are the words HONI SOIT QUI MAL Y PENSE; in English, Evil be to bim that evil thinks : and this within a fine compartment of palm-branches, and placed under an imperial

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imperial crown, &c. all finely cut in stone.

All the parts of this grand church, both within and without, are built with fuch proportion and art, that the eye is charmed with the exact order of its pillars, which support the portico's, dome, &c. the beauty of their capitals; the rich cornish wherewith they are embellished; the number of spacious win-

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windows, &c. In short, the whole fabrick is full of beauty and harmony; and in bigness, strength of building, sigure, and other enrichments in wood, stone, iron, &c. equal, if not superior, to any church in Europe.



CHAP.

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CHAP. III.

Of the length, breadth, beighth, and other dimensions of St. Paul's Church.

ITS length within the wall, from east to west is five hundred feet.

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The breadth of the west end is a hundred and fixty two feet.

The breadth between

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the north and fouth portico's, or doors, within the walls, is two hundred and forty nine feet.

The breadth of the rest is about a hundred and fe-

venteen feet.

The circuit of the walls outwardly is two thousand two hundred and ninety two feet.

The ground plot that this great church stands upon, is two acres, fixteen perches.

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perches, twenty three yards and one foot.

Its height within, over the middle ifle, is eighty-

eight feet.

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ches,

To the top of the west pediment, under the figure of St. Paul, a hundred and twenty feet.

The height of the two Towers at the west front, two hundred and eight

feet.

To the gallery of the D 2 cupo

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cupolo, two hundred and

eight feet.

To the upper gallery two hundred and seventy fix feet; and from thence to the top of the cross, fix-

ty four feet.

The height of the cross from the ball, is ten feet; the diameter of the ball is fix feet; its circumference eighteen feet; and it will contain ninety bushels; and I have been told, that

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fince it has been up, fixteen men have been drinking in it at one time; I suppose, to the good health of all their friends round about St. Paul's.



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D3 CHAP

Four Indian Kings.



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CHAP, IV.

Of the strange conceptions four Indian Kings had of this great building; and how they imagin'd it at first to be one great rock that grew in that place.

SA Ga Yean Qua Ralbi Tow, one of the four Indian Kings who were in this country about thirtytwo years ago, among to D 4 other

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which he made whilst he was in England, left behind him the following concerning St. Paul's church.

There stands, says he, on the most rising part of the town a huge house, big enough to contain the whole nation of which I am king.

Our good brother, E Tow O Koam, king of the Rivers.

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Rivers, is of opinion it was made by the hands of the great God to whom it is confecrated (meaning St. Paul.)

The kings of Granajah and of the Six Nations, believe that it was created with the earth, and produced on the same day with the sun and moon.

But, says he, for my own part, and from the best information that I can

get

get of this matter, I am apt to think that this vast temple was fashioned into the shape it now bears by several tools and instruments, of which they have a wonderful variety in this country.

I imagine it was at first only an huge mis-shapen rock that grew upon the top of the hill; which the natives of the country, after having cut it into a kind

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kind of regular figure, bored and hollowed with ineredible pains and induftry, till they had wrought in it all those beautiful vaults and caverns into which it is divided at this day.

As foon as this rock was thus curiously scooped to their liking, then a prodigious number of hands must have been employ'd in chipping the outside of it, and smoothing the surface; which is in several places hewn out into pillars, that stand like the trunks of so many trees, bound about the top with garlands of leaves.

It is probable, says this Indian monarch, that when this great work was begun, which must have been many hundred years ago, there was some religion among this people; for

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for they give it the name of a Temple, and have a tradition that it was defigned for men to pay their devotions in.

And indeed, there are feveral reasons which make us think that the natives of this country had formerly among them some sort of worship; for they set apart every seventh day as sacred. But upon my going into one

of those holy houses on that day, I could not obferve any circumstance of devotion in their behaviour: There was indeed a man in black who, mounted above the rell, seemed to utter fomething with great vehemence; but as for those underneath him, instead of paying their worship to the Deity of the place, they were most of them bowing and cur-

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telying to one another; and a great number of them fait afleep.

Whether these were the real thoughts of those royal strangers, I will not take upon me to answer. But what wonder is it that such savage kings, whose dwellings are in huts and thickets, should form such wild notions of this prodigious structure, when

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when we ourselves, who see it daily, are filled with assonishment at the magnitude and grandeur of this glorious building; and how such a work could be performed by mortal hands!

W E shall now proceed to examine the particular curiosities of this church.

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CHAP. V.

Of the fine flatue of the late Queen Anne.

Before the west front of this grand Cathedral, is a spacious yard; in which, upon a losty pedestal, stands the essign of the late queen Anne; with four supporters, representing those dominions in her title.

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[66] QUEEN ANNE.



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She has her crown upon her head; the scepter in her right hand, and the globe in her left: her dress is very rich, and the workmanship of it exceeding curious.

On her right hand is Britannia; who appears with a very lovely and chearful countenance: she has a crown of laurel upon her head; a spear in her right hand, and her less

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reaching to the royal arms in the front of the pedefal.

On her left hand is France: she seems much dejected, very thoughtful, and in a languishing state. Her right hand rests upon a truncheon, and her left holds a crown, which lies down in her lap. She is clothed with a very rich robe, adorned with flower de lis; and upon her head fhe fh

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the has a warrior's cap, or helmet.

Behind the queen is Ireland, with her harp in her lap: her looks are

amiable and pleasant.

The fourth is America, in the habit of her country; her body being almost naked: she has upon her head a crown of curious feathers, a bow in her left hand, and a quiver of arrows on her back:

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The has the head of an European under her foot, with an arrow flicking in it; Supposed to have been just Thot from her bow. There is likewise an allegator creeping from beneath her feet; being an animal very common in some parts of America, and which lives both on the land and in the water.

The queen's, and all the other figures, are of fine

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fine Italian, statuary marble; the pedestal of veined marble.

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The former were all cut out of one folid, rough block of marble, which was taken by one of our English ships, during the late war, in its passage from Leghorn to France; and was designed for the essign of Lewis the sourteenth, on horseback.

The carver was the late E 4 inge-

[72]

ingenious Mr. Francis Bird.

The foot of the pedestal is encircled with three marble steps; and the whole encompassed with beautiful, strong, iron palisades.

This royal statue, on account of its grand supporters, fine pedestal, and curious workmanship, is esteemed superior to all others in Europe.

CHAP.

[73]

CHAP. VI.

Of the west front of St. Paul's.

My young readers having fatisfy'd their curiofities in examining the queen's statue, &c. from thence they have a full view of this grand church, where they may behold the beauty and majesty of the whole, and the just sym-

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fymmetry of all its parts.

Observe first, the twelve large pillars which support the portico, each four feet thick, and eight and forty in height, of the Corinthian order.

Second, the eight above, which support the pediment, of the Composite, or Roman order; each three seet and a half thick, and about thirty sour seet in height.

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See in the large triansgular pediment a lively representation of St. Paul's conversion in his journey to Damascus, carved in relievo, by the ingenious hand of the late Mr. Bird; the history of which, my young readers will see hereaster.

Over the pitch or top of this pediment, is the figure of St. Paul with a fword in his hand. On his

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his right hand is St. Peter with a cock; and on his

left, St. James.

In the front of the two lofty and beautiful towers, are the four Evangelists: In the north, St. Matthew with an angel, and St. Mark with a lion. In the fouth, St. Luke with an ox, and St. John with an eagle.

These two towers are each adorn'd with circular ranges of columns, of the

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Corinthian order, with domes on the upper part, and on the top of each a

gilded pine apple.

In the fouth tower is the famous large clock, the bell of which weighs four ton and four hundred and four pounds; and its found may be heard at five or fix miles distance. The work of this clock is large and curious: it is kept in excellent good order, and generally

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herally carries the hour of the day very exactly; a skilful person being appointed to look after it for that purpose.

Observe likewise the fine carvings, and other rich embellishments, over the whole front of this noble

ftructure.

And lastly, you ascend to the great door by twenty four spacious stone steps; the first ten of which extend ty ot

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extend in width above forty yards each, and the other fourteen full thirty

fix yards.

The door-case is white marble: and over the entrance is cut in relievo the history of St. Paul preaching to the Bereans. It consists of a group of nine figures besides that of St. Paul, with books, &c.

These Bereans were a fort of people ingenuous and

mild, and who spent great part of their time in reading the Scriptures, observing whether what Paul taught was agreeable with what the Scriptures fay of the Messias: and many of whom, from his preaching, chearfully embraced the faith. Alts xvii, 11.

Under the arch on the right hand, in a pannel, isSt. Paul's imprisonment; and on the left hand in the

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pannel, his preaching to the Athenians, with some other scripture stories, all neatly carved in stone, by the same hand as the conversion.

My young readers will find the history of St. Paul's imprisonment in the fixteenth chapter of the Acts, and his preaching to the Athenians in the seventeenth chapter, both beautifully related.

F CHAP.

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CHAP. VII.

Of the north portico of St. Paul's.

THE ascent to the north portico is by twelve circular steps of black marble: The dome of the portico is supported and adorn'd with six very spacious columns of the Corinthian order. Above the door-case is a large

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large urn, with festoons, Esc. over this is a large pediment, where are the royal arms with the regalia, supported by two angels, with each a palmbranch in their hands ; under whose feet appear the figures of the lion and unicorn; and over the pediment, on the top of this north front, are the effigies of five Apostles, carved in ftone.

F 2 CHAP.

CHAP. VIII.

Of the South portico of St. Paul's.

YOU ascend to the fouth portico by twenty five sleps, the ground on this side of the church being lower than that on the north: The portico is supported with six grand losty columns, like those of the west and north fronts;

and is in most other re-

In the pediment over it is the figure of a phoenix, with her wings expanded, arifing out of the flames; which emblem fignifies, a new church arifing out of the old one; under which is the word RESURGAM; that is, I shall rise again.

[86] PHOENIX.



[87]

On the top of the pediment is the effigy of St. Andrew, and those of two other faints on each hand of him.

These five figures, with those on the north and west fronts, represent the four Evangelists, and the rest of the Apostles. They bear in their hands the several instruments whereby they suffer'd death; or such remarkable ensigns as

[88]

allude to fome important incident of their lives.

These images are each about eleven seet high, and their pedestals about sour seet: they were all carv'd by the late Mr. Bird, before mention'd, and are reckon'd to be well done.



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CHAP. IX.

Of what is remarkable in going up the cupola, or top of St. Paul's.

H Aving examin'd what is most curious on the outside of St. Paul's, I shall next endeavour to ascend the cupola; and in my journey to the top of it, take notice of what I meet with most worthy of

[90]

my young readers attention.

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To go up St. Paul's, you must enter a door at the fouth fide, which stands open all the day long for that purpole.

After you have ascended a few steps, you come to a door which will not open till each person pays Two-

pence.

The whole number of steps to the upper gallery

is five hundred and thirty four; of which the first two hundred and fixty are so exceeding easy, that a child might go up them; they being but about four or five inches deep.

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The other two hundred and seventy sour steps are pretty steep, and in many places, from the large stone gallery to the upper gallery, very dark; so that one person can scarce discern another.

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In this place we have a glimmering fight of fuch prodigious works in iron, flone, and timber, which hold together the dome, cupola, &c. that it is imposible to convey an idea of it to my readers: And though these amasing works are very curious to fee, yet my young mafters and misses must not by any means venture themfelves here without a guide.

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The iron gallery on the top of the cupola, is the highest any one is suffer'd to go; above that are the lantern, ball and cross; to the top of which, from the gallery just mention'd, is faxty four feet; and the passage thither by ladders, very difficult and dangerous to ascend.

From this gallery, in fine clear weather, we may agreeably observe the vast

extent

extent of this great city and fuburbs; the great number of churches, fleeples, publick buildings and houses that present themfelves, which way foever we turn our eyes; as also the ships in the river, that look like a huge forest, and the vessels, boats, &c. foread allover the Thames. Here likewise we have a delightful prospect of the country, for many miles round about.

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CHAP. X.

Of the whispering-gallery, and fine paintings within the cupola.

IN your return from the top of St. Paul's, you will be ask'd to fee the whispering-gallery, which will cost Two-pence each person.

This gallery is a very great curiofity: 'Tis a

large

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large circle, which runs round the bottom of the infide of the dome, of about an hundred and forty three feet in diameter, or cross the widest part: 'tis rail'd in with iron of very fine workmanship, gilt with gold. The walls all around are painted and gilded with great beauty: but the greatest curiosity of all is the whisperingplace; where, leaning your

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head against the wall, you may eafily hear all that is faid, though it be ever fo low, and at the most diftant place from you in the gallery: which affords great matter of furprize and innocent diversion to all young persons who come to amuse themselves with this curiofity.

Here you have the best view of the eight pieces of history on the inside of the

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dome, painted by the late Sir James Thornhill, with inimitable art and beauty.

The first represents the conversion of St. Paul.

Atts ix. 4.

The second, Elymas the forcerer struck with blindness. All xiii 2. alm

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Third, the priest of Jupiter, offering facrifice to Paul and Barnabas. Acts xiv. 15.

Fourth, the jaylor converted. Alls xvi. 30.

Fifth, Paul preaching at Athens. Alls xvii. 15

Sixth, the conjuring books burnt. Ads xix. 19.

Seventh, King Agrippa almost persuaded to be a Christian. Ats xxvi. 28.

Eighth, St. Paul's shipwreck on the island of Melita. Ads xxviii. 6.

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[100] Conversion of St. PAUL.



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CHAP. XI.

Of the conversion of St. Paul.

ST. PAUL, before his conversion, having been principally concern'd in the death of St. Stephen, and his bloody mind not satisfied with this cruelty, threatens nothing less than prisons and death to the Christians wherever

[102]

he found them. And to qualify himfelf the better for the execution of this bloody purpose, he goes to the high prieft to enlarge his commission: and having obtain'd power to seise all Christians, and fend them bound to Jerusalem to be try'd, he immediately fets out for Damascus to put it in practice : but whilft he was on the road. entertaining himself with the

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the bloody prospect, God, in mercy to him, and those he went to perfecute, takes him off from his wicked defign: a bright shining cloud incompassed him, which struck him with great terror, as at the prefence of God, and threw him proftrate on the ground, where as he lay, he heard a voice out of it, faying unto him, Saul, Saul, why persecutest thou me ?

[104]

me? This increas'd his amazement: and being defirous to know the meaning of this vision, he asks, Who art thou, Lord! The voice reply'd, I am Jesus, whom thou persecutest: It is in vain for thee to refift the decrees of providence, therefore be no longer disobedient, but hearken to the commands that shall be given thee. At this Saul, full

of

[105]

of fear and trembling, cried out, 'Lord, instruct me' what thou wouldst have me to do:' The voice returned, 'Go to Damascus, and there thou shalt know my will.

Those who attended Paul on this journey, were struck dumb with fear and amazement, wondring that they should hear a voice, but see no man speaking therefore taking up Saul,

[106]

they led him to the city; and by this miraculous vision he was converted to the Christian faith.

This history is the subject of the first piece of

painting.

CHAP. XII.

Elymas the Sorcerer Bruck blind.

P Aul and Mark, as they travelled through the ifle

[107] Sorcerer struck blind.



ifle of Cyprus, came to the city of Paphos, where the temple of Venus was; at which place they met with Elymas a noted forcerer; who being intimate with Sergius Paulus the proconful, a prudent virtuous man, and inclinable to receive the faith, did all he could to divert him from the conversation of these two Apostles. But Paul, in an holy rage, cast-

[109]

ing his eyes on Elymas, thus expressed his abhorrence; 'O thou vile Sorcerer, like the Devil, by whom thou workest, thou art an enemy to all goodness; wilt thou perfift in forcery, in defiance of the faith of Christ, which comes armed with a much greater power of miracles, than those to which thou falfly pretendeft? Thou shalt soon see the vengeanc

ance of heaven upon thee; for thou that perverily holdest out against the light of the gospel, shalt lofe thy fight, which by the immediate power of God shall be taken from thee for some time. And immediately he was struck blind, begging the aid of some kind hand to lead him: and the proconful,. convinced by this miracle, was converted to the Chri-Ainn faith.

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This is the subject of the second piece of painting.

CHAP: XIII.

The priest of Jupiter offering facrifice to Paul and Barnabas.

WHill those Apostles
were preaching at
Lystra, a poor cripple,
lame from the hour of his
birth, being one of their
hearers,

[112] PAUL and BARNABAS.



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hearers, was observed by St. Paul, who said to him, Stand upright on thy feet; and by the bare speaking of the word, his feet were made so strong that he leaped and walked.

When they faw it, they concluded this miracle could not be done but by the immediate presence of the Deity; and therefore running about in great confusion, they cried out,

that

[114]

that the gods had put on human shape, and were come down among them.

They look'd on Barnabas as Jupiter, the supreme God; and Paul, as Mercury, the interpreter of the will of the gods, because he spoke more than Barnabas.

But as foon as this miracle came to the ear of the priest of Jupiter, he came to Paul and Barna-

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bas, bringing oxen with garlands of flowers; being fuch victims as they offered to the gods they worshiped, intending to offer facrifice to the Apostles: but they abhorring fuch idolatry, rent their garments; endeavouring by arguments drawn from fome of the plainest instances of nature, such as day, night, fummer, winter, &c. to convince them, H 2

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that worship was due only to that God who was the author of all those blessings; yet this discourse, so pressingly urg'd by the Apostles, could scarce restrain those poor idolaters from sacrificing to them.

This is the history of the third piece of painting

in the cupola.

CHAP.

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CHAP. XIV.

The jaylor converted.

It happen'd one day, as St. Paul was going to the house of prayer, there met him a young maid posses'd with an evil spirit, which spake from her, by which means, telling strange things, whether past or to come, she had gain'd her masters much H 3 money:

[118] TAYLOR Converted.



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money: this maid Paul cures by casting out the evil spirit. When her masters faw that all hope of future gain from her divination was gone, they apprehended Paul and his companion, and brought them before the magiftrates, complaining that these men occasioned great disturbance in the city. Upon which a tumult arifing, the magistrates or-H 4 der'd

der'd them to be scourg'd. and committed to prison; firictly charging the jailor to put them in irons, and fecure them in the strongest part of the prison; where they fpent their midnight hours in prayers and praises to God; and whilst they thus enjoy'd themselves, the earth began to tremble, the very foundation of the prison shook, the prison doors

[121]

flew open, and every prifoner's chains dropt from him. The jailor waking with the fright, and feeing the prison-doors open, concluded that all the prisoners had made their escape; and thinking with himfelf that this would be imputed to his neglect, in despair drew his sword with defign to kill himfelf: which Paul happily prevents, telling him his

11227

Then calling for a light, he came into the presence of the two saints, trembling; and prostrating himself before them, beseeches them to instruct him in the way of salvation.

This is the history of the fourth piece of painting in the cupola of St. Paul's.

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[123]

THE other paintings in the cupolo, And num'rous beauties in the church below. Must all into my SECOND VOLUME go. For tho' my Books folk do Gigantick call, ONE will not hold the great church of St. Paul. Kind reader, in my next you'll fee a wonder, The Monument fo tall, Shall come close to S. Paul. Tho' now fo far afunder.

[124]

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